

KIWI FRUIT

Take first fully expanded leaf – usually the fourth or fifth leaf back from the growing point of the runner. BE SURE TO TAKE WHOLE LEAF & STEM (petiole), not just the leaf blade.

Sample at least **50 leaves**, randomly across the block to obtain a representative sample. The part to be tested is the whole leaf.

Sap 4 comprehensive analysis is **not** available for this crop.

Monitoring program

Begin sampling when vines reach 1 meter and sample monthly until mid-harvest.

Additional Notes:

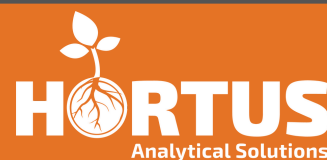
- To ensure that the laboratory is able to perform the entire test suite required and that the optimal levels supplied on the laboratory report are relevant, please ensure that the above instructions are followed.
- Place samples into a plastic sample bag, not in paper, as paper will dry out the sample and may not allow for enough sap to be extracted for the analysis requested.



FIRST FULLY EXPANDED LEAF

KIWI FRUIT

DIFFERENTIAL SAP ANALYSIS



Sampling for new leaf and old leaf testing:

Sample non-fruiting terminals only. Take leaves that are fully expanded – usually the fourth or fifth leaf back from the growing point of the runner. Be sure to take WHOLE LEAF & STEM (petiole), not just the blade. This will be your NEW LEAF SAMPLE.

Take the old leaves from the same growing stem. Be sure to take WHOLE LEAF & STEM (petiole), not just the blade. This will be your OLD LEAF SAMPLE.

Sample for each sample type through the orchard, no more than 3 per vine (of each sample type) to obtain a representative sample. Sample at about shoulder height, at up to three different points around the vine.

Monitoring program

Begin sampling when vines reach 1 metre and sample monthly until mid-harvest.



NEW LEAF

OLD LEAF