RASPBERRY



Take first fully expanded leaf out from the crown of the plant. The trifoliate leaf is formed of three smaller leaflets – BE SURE TO TAKE WHOLE LEAF AND STEM (petiole), not just the leaflets.

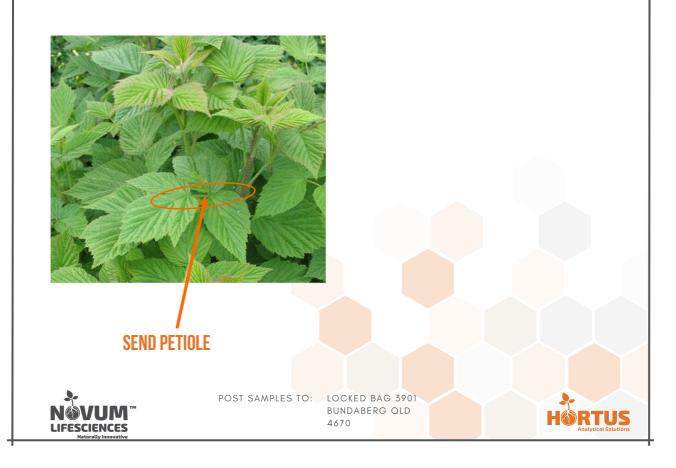
Take at least 70 trifoliate leaves, randomly across the sampling area. The part to be tested is the petiole, or leaf stalk.

If you require a Sap 2 or 3 analysis please collect twice as many leaves.

If you require a Sap 4 comprehensive analysis please collect three as many leaves.

<u>Monitoring program</u>

Begin sampling when first new leaves reach mature stage. Sample fortnightly until the end of the main harvest period.



RASPBERRY DIFFERENTIAL SAP ANALYSIS



Take first fully expanded leaf out from the crown of the plant. The trifoliate leaf is formed of three smaller leaflets – BE SURE TO TAKE WHOLE LEAF AND STEM (petiole), not just the leaflets. This will become your NEW LEAF SAMPLE.

Take fully expanded leaf from old part of the plant. The trifoliate leaf is formed of three smaller leaflets – BE SURE TO TAKE WHOLE LEAF AND STEM (petiole), not just the leaflets. This will become your OLD LEAF SAMPLE

<u>Monitoring program</u>

Begin sampling when first new leaves reach mature stage. Sample fortnightly until the end of the main harvest period.

